**Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

** http://www.ck12.org/section/Understanding-Animal-Behavior/#x-ck12-TFMtMTUtMDEtMWI.**

**Define eacb term and give an example of each**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Term** | **meaning** | **example** |
| animal behavior |  |  |
| innate behavior |  |  |
| instinct |  |  |
| reflex behaviors |  |  |
| learned behavior |  |  |
| habituation |  |  |
| observational learning |  |  |
| conditioning |  |  |
| insight learning |  |  |

**Review Questions**

**Knowledge and Comprehension**

1. Give two examples of animal behavior.

2. Define innate behavior.

3. Identify one drawback of innate behavior.

4. What is learned behavior?

 5. State three ways that behavior can be learned.

**Critical Thinking**

1. Explain how egg rolling by graylag geese is likely to have evolved.
2. Describe how the grasp reflex might help a baby survive.
3. Explain how you could use conditioning to teach a dog to sit.
4. Why is play important for baby animals?
5. A crow was seen dropping nuts on a rock to crack the shells and then eating the nut meats. No other crows in the flock were ever observed cracking nuts in this way. What type of learning could explain the behavior of this crow?